English/Language Arts Curriculum

Grade 5			
C(1 1	Reading Informational		
Standard *RI.1	Grade 4 Provides references to details and/or examples in a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and/or text when explaining inferences drawn from the text. (1)	Grade 5 Quote accurately from a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.	
RI. 2	Provides a statement of the main idea of a text. (1) Provides an explanation of how the main idea is supported by key details. (2) Provides a summary of the text. (3)	Provides a statement of two or more main ideas of a text. (1) Provides an explanation of how two or more main ideas are supported by key details. (2)	
		Provides a summary of the text. (3)	
RI. 3	Provides an explanation of events in a historical, scientific, or technical text, including what happened and why, based on specific information in the text. (1) Provides an explanation of procedures in a historical, scientific, or technical text, including what happened and why, based on specific information in the text. (2) Provides an explanation of ideas or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text, including what happened and why, based on specific information in the text. (3)	Provides an explanation of the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals in a historical, scientific, or technical text. (1) Provides an explanation of the relationships or interactions between two or more events in a historical, scientific, or technical text. (2) Provides an explanation of the relationships or interactions between two or more ideas or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text. (3)	
RI.5	Provides a description of the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, and problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts or information in a text or part of a text. (1)	Provides a comparison and contrast of the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, and problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts. (1)	
RI.6	Provides a comparison and contrast of the focus and information in a firsthand	Provides an analysis of multiple accounts of the same event, noting	

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	and secondhand account of the same event or topic.	important similarities and/or differences in the point of view they represent. (1) Provides an analysis of multiple
		accounts of the same topic, noting important similarities and/or differences in the point of view they represent. (2)
RI. 7	Provides an interpretation of information presented visually (e.g., in charts, graphs, diagrams, time lines, animations, or interactive elements on Web pages). (1)	Provides an answer to a question or solution to a problem that draws on information from multiple print or digital sources. (1)
	Provides an interpretation of information presented orally (e.g., animations or interactive elements on Web pages). (2)	
	Provides an interpretation of information presented quantitatively (e.g., in charts, graphs, diagrams, or interactive elements on Web pages). (3)	
	Provides an explanation of how the information presented visually, orally, or quantitatively contributes to an understanding of the text in which it appears. (4)	
RI.8	Provides an explanation of how an author uses reasons to support particular points in a text. (1)	Provides an explanation of how an author uses reasons to support particular points in a text. (1)
	Provides an explanation of how an author uses evidence to support particular points in a text. (2)	Provides an explanation of how an author uses evidence to support particular points in a text. (2)
		Identifies which reasons and/or evidence support which points. (3)
*RI.9	Provides a statement that integrates and reflects on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge)information from two texts on the same topic. (1)	Provides a statement that integrates and reflects on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge)information from several texts on the same topic. (1)

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*RI.10	By the end of the year, students will read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.	By the end of the year, students will read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.
	with scaffolding as needed.	with scaffolding as needed.
	*RI.10	and comprehend literary nonfiction at

	Grade 5 Reading Literature		
Standard	Grade 4	Grade 5	
RL.1	Provides references to details and examples in a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and/or when explaining inferences drawn from the text.	Demonstrates student's ability to quote or reference, and make relevant connections from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and/or when explaining inferences drawn from the text.	
RL.2	Provides key details to identify theme of a text. Provides a summary of the text.	Determine the theme of the text, including how characters in a story or drama respond to challenges or how a speaker in a poem reflects upon a topic. Provides a summary of the text.	
RL.3	Provides an in-depth description of a character in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text	Provides <mark>a comparison and contrast of two</mark> or more characters in a story or drama,	

	(e.g., a character's thoughts, words,	drawing on specific details in the text (e.g.,
	or actions). (1)	how characters interact).
	Provides an in-depth description of a setting in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text. (2) Provides an in-depth description of an event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text.	Provides a comparison and contrast of two or more settings in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text. Provides a comparison and contrast of two or more events in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text.
RL.4	Demonstrates the ability to determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including those that allude to significant characters found in literature.	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative language such as metaphors and similes.
RL.5	Provides an explanation of major differences between poems, drama, and prose with references to structural elements of poems (e.g., verse, rhythm, meter) and drama (e.g., casts of characters, settings, descriptions, dialogue, stage directions) when writing about a text	Provides an explanation of how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provide the overall structure of a particular story, drama, or poem.
RL.6	Provides a comparison and contrast of the point of view from which different stories are narrated, including the difference between first- and third-person narrations.	Provides a description of how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described
RL.7	Provides a connection between specific descriptions and directions in a text and a visual or oral representation of the text.	 Provides an analysis of how visual elements contribute to the meaning, tone, or beauty of a text (e.g., graphic novel, multimedia presentation of fiction, folktale, myth, poem). Provides an analysis of how a multimedia presentation contributes to the meaning, tone, or beauty of a text (e.g., graphic novel, multimedia presentation of fiction, folktale, novel, multimedia presentation
		folktale, myth, poem).
RL.9	Provides a comparison, contrast and reflection on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge)	Provides a comparison, contrast, and reflections on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) the treatment of similar themes

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	stories in the same genre on stories with similar themes and topics (e.g. mysteries and adventure stories)	and topics (e.g. opposition of good and evil) and patterns of events (e.g. the quest) in stories, myths, and traditional literature from different cultures.
RL.10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text- complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.

	Grade 5		
	Reading Foundation	al Skills	
Standard	Grade 4	Grade 5	
RF.3	Use combined knowledge of all letter- sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context	Use combined knowledge of all letter- sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.	
RF.4	Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding (1) Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. (2) SEP Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary. (3)	Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding. (1) Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. (2) Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary	

	Grade 5 Language		
Standard	Grade 4	Grade 5	
L.4	Demonstrates the ability to determine the meaning of words and phrases, using context (e.g., definitions, examples, or restatements in text).	Demonstrates the ability to determine the meaning of words and phrases, using context (e.g., cause/effect relationships and comparisons in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.	
L.5	Demonstrates the ability to determine meaning of simple similes and metaphors (e.g., as pretty as a picture) in context.	Demonstrates the ability to determine the meaning of simple similes and metaphors in context.	
	Demonstrates the ability to explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs.	Demonstrates the ability to determine the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs	
	Demonstrates understanding of words by relating them to their opposites (antonyms) and to words with similar but not identical meanings (synonyms).		
L.6	Provides a statement demonstrating accurate meaning and use of grade- appropriate general academic words and phrases, including those that signal precise actions, emotions or states of being (e.g., quizzed, whined, stammered).	Provides a statement demonstrating accurate meaning and use of grade- appropriate general academic words and phrases including those that signal contrast, addition and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition).	

	Grade 5 Writing		
Standard	Grade 4	Grade 5	
W.1	Development of Ideas	Development of Ideas	
	The student response addresses the	The student response addresses the	
	prompt and provides effective and	prompt and provides effective and	
	comprehensive development of the	comprehensive development of the topic	
	topic and/or narrative elements by	and/or narrative elements by using clear	
	using clear reasoning, details, and/or	reasoning, details, and/or description; the	

description; the development is	development is consistently appropriate
consistently appropriate to the task,	to the task, purpose, and audience.
purpose, and audience.	
	Organization
Organization	The student response demonstrates
The student response demonstrates	effective coherence, clarity, and cohesion
effective coherence, clarity, and	and includes a strong introduction and
cohesion and includes a strong	conclusion.
introduction and conclusion.	Opinion: Provide logically ordered
	reasons that are supported by facts and
Clarity of Language	details from text(s), quote directly from
The student response uses language	text when appropriate.
well to attend to the norms and	Expository: Introduces a topic clearly
conventions of the discipline. The	includes text features such as headings,
response includes concrete words and	illustrations, and multimedia. Link ideas
phrases, sensory details, linking and	within paragraphs and sections of
transitional words, and/or domain	information. Provide a conclusion related
specific vocabulary effectively to	to the information. Provide a conclusion
clarify ideas.	related to the information of explanation
	presented.
Knowledge of Language and Conventions	Normatives White to develop real or
	Narrative: Write to develop real or imagined experiences or events using
The student response demonstrates command of the conventions of	effective technique, well-chosen details,
standard English consistent with edited	and well-structured event sequences.
writing. There may be a few distracting	and wen structured event sequences.
errors in grammar and usage, but	Clarity of Language
meaning is clear	The student response uses language well
incuring is creat	to attend to the norms and conventions of
	the discipline. The response includes
	concrete words and phrases, sensory
	details, linking and transitional words,
	and/or domain specific vocabulary
	effectively to clarify ideas.
	Knowledge of Language and
	Conventions
	The student response demonstrates
	command of the conventions of standard
	English consistent with edited writing.
	There may be a few distracting errors in
	grammar and usage, but meaning is clear.

Assessments	Formative, summative, alternative assessments,
	performance assessments, project assessments,

	nonformance tools a withinkate charmentions MAD
	performance tasks, exit tickets, observations, MAP,
	benchmarks
21st Century Skills and Career	Informational sources, text features, versions of
Integration	stories, stories and myths from diverse cultures, real-
	life connections
Technology Integration	Digital tools, search tools, online series, research,
	provide sources, analysis of information presented
	visually, orally, or quantitatively; multimedia
	presentation
Interdisciplinary Connections	Social Studies- Informational Text about historical
	events
	Science- scientific concepts or steps in technical
	procedures in a text
	Latin- suffixes, affixes, roots
	Greek- affixes, roots
Core Instructional and	Core Instruction: Project Read, Reading Street Series,
Supplemental Materials	Wonders Series, Novels
	Supplemental: picture books, fictional and non-
	fictional books, videos
Modifications/Accommodations	ELL: leveled readers; ELL series workbook;
	dictionary; small group instruction
	Special Education: leveled readers; small group
	instruction
	G&T: leveled readers; enrichment activities; small
	group instruction
	group instruction